

CV 14 - 1776

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

-----X
CHENIER CRUMBLE,

Plaintiff,

- against -

CITY OF NEW YORK,
POLICE OFFICER DEIDRE DEFREITAS,
POLICE OFFICER JOHN/JANE DOE(S) #'S 1-3,

Defendants.
-----X

COMPLAINT

PLAINTIFF DEMANDS
TRIAL BY JURY ON
ALL ISSUES

DEARIE, J.

GOLD, M.J.

Plaintiff, CHENIER CRUMBLE, by his attorneys, NASS & ROPER LAW, LLP,
complaining of the Defendants, respectfully alleges, upon information and belief, as follows:

I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

1. This is a civil rights action in which Plaintiff, CHENIER CRUMBLE, seeks damages to redress the deprivation, under color of state law, of rights secured to him under the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution. On or about August 1st, 2013, at approximately 7:00 a.m., at or near 1140 Pacific Street in the County of Kings, and in the City and State of New York, Plaintiff was falsely arrested and assaulted by Defendants including, but not limited to, POLICE OFFICER DEIDRE DEFREITAS and POLICE OFFICER JOHN DOE(S) #'S 1-3. It is alleged that Defendants falsely arrested Plaintiff, and used excessive force in effectuating his arrest in violation of his constitutional rights.

II. JURISDICTION

2. Jurisdiction is conferred upon this Court by 28 U.S.C. §1343 (3) and (4), which provides for original jurisdiction in this court of all suits brought pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §1983, and by 28 U.S.C. §1331, which provides jurisdiction over all cases

brought pursuant to the Constitution and laws of the United States. This Court has pendant jurisdiction over Plaintiff's state law claims.

III. PARTIES

3. Plaintiff, CHENIER CRUMBLE, at all times relevant hereto resided in Bronx County, specifically 935 East 163rd Street, in the State of New York.
4. Defendant, CITY OF NEW YORK, (hereinafter "CITY") is a municipal corporation, incorporated pursuant to the laws of the State of New York, which operates the New York City Police Department (hereinafter "NYPD"), and as such is the public employer of the Defendant officers herein.
5. Defendant, POLICE OFFICER DEIDRE DEFREITAS (Tax ID: 939521) was an NYPD police officer, and at all relevant times hereto, acted in that capacity as an agent, servants and/or employee of Defendant CITY and within the scope of their employment.
6. Defendants, POLICE OFFICERS JANE/JOHN DOE(S) #'s 1-3 were NYPD police officers, and at all relevant times hereto, acted in that capacity as agents, servants, and/or employees of Defendant CITY and within the scope of their employment.
7. At all relevant times hereto, Defendants were acting under the color of state and local law. Defendants are sued in their individual and official capacities. At all relevant times hereto, Defendant CITY was responsible for making and enforcing the policies of NYPD and was acting under the color of law, to wit, under color of the statutes, ordinances, regulations, policies, customs and usages of the State of New York and/or the City of New York.

IV. FACTS

8. On or about August 1st, 2013, at approximately 7:00 a.m., Plaintiff, CHENIER CRUMBLE, was employed at the 820 River Street, Inc Rehabilitation Center at or near 1140 Pacific Street in the County of Kings, and in the City and State of New York, when a patient of the clinic refused to consent to a medical examination as required by the center.
9. Defendants, POLICE OFFICER DEIDRE DEFREITAS and POLICE OFFICER JOHN DOE(S) #'S 1-3 of Defendant CITY, arrived at the location and attempted to enter the building.
10. Plaintiff, CHENIER CRUMBLE, explained to Defendants that he was not permitted to allow them to enter the building due to the confidentiality of the patients therein, as told to him by a supervisor, but POLICE OFFICER DEIDRE DEFREITAS and POLICE OFFICER JOHN DOE(S) #'S 1-3 eventually forced their way into the building.
11. Defendants, POLICE OFFICER DEIDRE DEFREITAS and POLICE OFFICER JOHN DOE(S) #'S 1-3, approached Plaintiff and forcefully put handcuffs on his wrists as tight as they could be applied causing injury to his shoulder and wrists.
12. Plaintiff explained to Defendants that the handcuffs were "on the bone," and were too tight and he was told by Defendants that he "should have thought about that before denying (them) entry."
13. Plaintiff, CHENIER CRUMBLE, was held in the lobby of the building in handcuffs for approximately 45 minutes in plain view of co-workers and patients of the facility.
14. Plaintiff was then brought outside by the police vehicle and forced to stand for an additional 45 minutes before receiving a desk appearance ticket from Defendants,

POLICE OFFICER DEIDRE DEFREITAS and POLICE OFFICER JOHN DOE(S)
#’S 1-3.

15. Plaintiff would return to court on or around October 29, 2013 at which point all charges against him were dismissed.
16. That heretofore and on the 19th day of September, 2013, Plaintiff’s Notice of Claim and Intention to sue was duly served upon and filed with the CITY; said Notice was filed within ninety (90) days after the cause of action herein accrued and set forth the name and post office address of Plaintiff, the nature of the claim, the time when, the place where, the manner in which the claim arose and the items of damage and injuries sustained.
17. That at least thirty (30) days have elapsed since the demand or claim upon which these actions are predicated was presented to CITY for adjustment or payment thereof and that it has neglected and/or refused to make adjustment or payment thereof.

V. FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION
Pursuant to §1983 (FALSE ARREST)

18. Paragraphs 1 through 17 of this complaint are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference herein.
19. That Defendants had neither valid evidence for the arrest of Plaintiff nor legal cause or excuse to seize and detain him for approximately two hours.
20. That in detaining Plaintiff for approximately two hours, and without a fair and reliable determination of probable cause, Defendant CITY abused its power and authority as a policymaker of the New York City Police Department under the color of State and/or local law.

21. Upon information and belief, it was the policy and/or custom of Defendant CITY to inadequately supervise and train its officers, staff, agents and employees, thereby failing to adequately discourage further constitutional violations on the part of their officers, staff, agents and employees.
22. As a result of the above described policies and customs, the officers, staff, agents and employees of Defendant CITY believed that their actions would not be properly monitored by supervisory officers and that misconduct would not be investigated or sanctioned, but would be tolerated.
23. The above described policies and customs demonstrated a deliberate indifference on the part of the policymakers of the CITY to the constitutional rights of arrestees and were the cause of the violations of Plaintiff's rights alleged herein.
24. By reason of Defendants acts and omissions, Defendant CITY, acting under color of state law and within the scope of its authority, in gross and wanton disregard of Plaintiff's rights, subjected Plaintiff to an unlawful detention, in violation of the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution and the laws of the State of New York.
25. By reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff suffered mental injuries, deprivation of liberty and privacy, terror, humiliation, damage to reputation and other psychological injuries. All of said injuries may be permanent.

VI. SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION
Pursuant to State Law (FALSE ARREST)

26. Paragraphs 1 through 25 are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference herein.
27. That the seizure, detention and imprisonment of Plaintiff was unlawful in that Defendants had no probable cause to detain, arrest him.

28. That Defendants intended to confine Plaintiff.
29. That Plaintiff was conscious of the confinement and did not consent to it.
30. That the confinement was not otherwise privileged.
31. By reason of Defendants acts and omissions, Defendants, acting in gross and wanton disregard of Plaintiff's rights, deprived him of his liberty when they subjected him to an unlawful, illegal and excessive detention, in violation of State law.
32. That by reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff suffered mental injuries, economic injury, deprivation of liberty and privacy, terror, humiliation, damage to reputation and other psychological injuries. All of said injuries may be permanent.

VII. THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION
Pursuant to §1983 (EXCESSIVE FORCE)

33. Paragraphs 1 through 32 are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference herein.
34. That the incident that resulted from the intentional application of physical force by Defendants constituted a seizure. That the use of excessive force in effectuating the seizure was unreasonable under the circumstances.
35. That Defendants had no legal cause or reason to use excessive force in effectuating Plaintiff's arrest.
36. That Defendants violated Plaintiff's Fourth and Fourteenth Amendment right to be free from unreasonable seizures when they used excessive force against him.
37. That at the time of the arrest, Plaintiff did not pose a threat to the safety of the arresting officers.
38. That Plaintiff was not actively resisting arrest or attempting to evade arrest.
39. That Defendant CITY, through its officers, agents, and employees, unlawfully subjected Plaintiff to excessive force while effectuating his arrest.

46. By reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff suffered physical injuries, mental injuries, emotional injuries, economic injury, trauma, humiliation, terror, damage to reputation, and other psychological injuries. All of said injuries may be permanent.

VIII. FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION
Pursuant to State Law (EXCESSIVE FORCE)

47. Paragraphs 1 through 46 are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference herein.
48. That the incident that resulted from the intentional application of physical force by Defendants constituted a seizure.
49. That the use of excessive force in effectuating the seizure was unreasonable under the circumstances.
50. That Defendants had no legal cause or reason to use excessive force in effectuating Plaintiff's arrest.
51. That at the time of the arrest, Plaintiff did not pose a threat to the safety of the arresting officers.
52. That Plaintiff was not actively resisting arrest or attempting to evade arrest.
53. That Defendants' actions were grossly disproportionate to the need for action and were unreasonable under the circumstances.
54. That by reason of Defendants acts and omissions, Defendants, acting under color of state law and within the scope of their authority, in gross and wanton disregard of Plaintiff's rights, subjected Plaintiff to excessive force while effectuating his arrest, in violation of the laws of the State of New York
55. By reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff suffered physical injuries, mental injuries, emotional injuries, economic injury, trauma, humiliation, terror, damage to reputation, and other psychological injuries. All of said injuries may be permanent.

IX. FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION
Pursuant to State Law (ASSAULT and BATTERY)

- 56. Paragraphs 1 through 55 are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference herein.
- 57. That Defendants intended to cause harmful bodily contact to Plaintiff.
- 58. That defendant Defendants, in a hostile manner voluntarily caused Plaintiff's injuries.
- 59. That Defendants contact with Plaintiff constituted a battery in violation of the laws of the State of New York.
- 60. That by reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff suffered physical injuries, mental injuries, emotional injuries, economic injury, trauma, humiliation, terror, damage to reputation, and other psychological injuries. All of said injuries may be permanent.

X. SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION
Pursuant to §1983 (MALICIOUS PROSECUTION)

- 61. Paragraphs 1 through 60 are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference herein.
- 62. That Defendants, with malicious intent, arrested Plaintiff and initiated a criminal proceeding despite the knowledge that Plaintiff had committed no crime.
- 63. That the criminal matter against Plaintiff was terminated in his favor and the court dismissed the case by motion of the District Attorney on October 29, 2013.
- 64. That there was no probable cause for the arrest and criminal proceeding.
- 65. That by reason of Defendants' acts and omissions, Defendants, acting under the color of state law and within the scope of their authority, in gross and wanton disregard of Plaintiff's rights, deprived Plaintiff of his liberty when they maliciously prosecuted him and subjected him to an unlawful, illegal and excessive detention, in violation of his rights pursuant to the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution.

66. That upon information and belief, Defendants had a policy and /or custom of maliciously prosecuting individuals despite the lack of probable cause. Thus, as a result of the above described policies and customs, Plaintiff was maliciously prosecuted despite the fact that he had committed no violation of the law.
67. That upon information and belief it was the policy and /or custom of Defendant CITY to inadequately hire, train, supervise, discipline and /or terminate their officers, staff, agents and employees, thereby failing to adequately discourage further constitutional violations on the part of their officers, staff, agents, and employees.
68. That as a result of the above described policies and customs, Defendant CITY, its staff, agents and employees of Defendant CITY believed that their actions would not be properly monitored by supervisory officers and that misconduct would not be investigated or sanctioned, but would be tolerated.
69. That the above described policies and customs demonstrate a deliberate indifference on the part of the policymakers of Defendant CITY to the constitutional rights of arrestees and were the cause of the violations of Plaintiff's rights alleged herein.
70. That in so acting, Defendant CITY abused its power and authority as policymaker of the NYPD under the color of State and/or local law.
71. That by reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff suffered physical and psychological injuries, traumatic stress, post-traumatic stress disorder, mental anguish, economic damages including attorneys' fees, damage to reputation, shame, humiliation, and indignity. All of said injuries may be permanent.

XI. SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION
Pursuant to State Law (MALICIOUS PROSECUTION)

72. Paragraphs 1 through 71 are hereby re-alleged and incorporated by reference herein.
73. That Defendants acted with malicious intent, arrested Plaintiff and initiated a criminal proceeding despite the knowledge that Plaintiff had committed no crime.
74. That the criminal matter has been dismissed in Plaintiff's favor.
75. That there was no probable cause for the arrest and criminal proceeding.
76. Defendants knew or should have known that there was no likelihood of a conviction of Plaintiff.
77. That by reason of Defendants acts and omissions, Defendants, acting under the color of state law and within the scope of their authority, in gross and wanton disregard of Plaintiff's rights, deprived Plaintiff of his liberty when they maliciously prosecuted him in violation of the Laws of the State of New York.
78. That by reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff suffered physical and psychological injuries, traumatic stress, post-traumatic stress disorder, mental anguish, economic damages including attorneys' fees, damage to reputation, shame, humiliation, and indignity. All of said injuries may be permanent.

INJURY AND DAMAGES

As a result of the acts and conduct complained of herein, Plaintiff has suffered and will continue to suffer, emotional pain, suffering, inconvenience, injury to his reputation, loss of enjoyment of life, loss of liberty and other non-pecuniary losses.

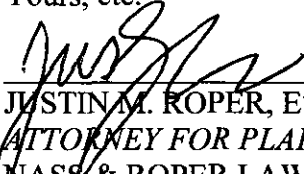
Plaintiff has further experienced severe emotional and physical distress.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that judgment be entered:

1. Awarding Plaintiff compensatory damages in a full and fair sum to be determined by a jury;
2. Awarding Plaintiff punitive damages in an amount to be determined by a jury;
3. Awarding Plaintiff interest from August 1, 2013; and
4. Awarding Plaintiff reasonable attorney's fees pursuant to 42 USC §1988; and
5. Granting such other and further relief as to this Court seems proper.

Dated: New York, NY
March 12, 2014

Yours, etc.



JUSTIN M. ROPER, ESQ.
ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF
WASS & ROPER LAW, LLP
14 PENN PLAZA, SUITE 2004
NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10122

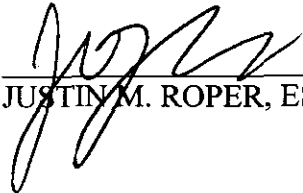
ATTORNEY'S VERIFICATION

JUSTIN M. ROPER, ESQ., an attorney duly admitted to practice before the Courts of the State of New York, affirms the following to be true under the penalties of perjury:

I am an attorney and member of NASS & ROPER LAW, LLP, attorneys for Plaintiff, CHENIER CRUMBLE. I have read the annexed COMPLAINT and know the contents thereof, and the same are true to my knowledge, except those matters therein which are stated to be alleged upon information and belief, and as to those matters I believe them to be true. My belief, as to those matters therein not stated upon knowledge, is based upon facts, records, and other pertinent information contained in my files.

The reason this verification is made by me and not Plaintiff is that Plaintiff is not presently in the county wherein the attorneys for the Plaintiff maintain their offices.

DATED: New York, New York
March 12, 2014


JUSTIN M. ROPER, ESQ.

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

CHENIER CRUMBLE,

Plaintiff,

– against –

CITY OF NEW YORK, ET AL.

Defendants.

SUMMONS & VERIFIED COMPLAINT

NASS & ROPER LAW, LLP
Attorneys for Plaintiff
CHENIER CRUMBLE
14 Penn Plaza, Suite 2004
New York, New York 10122
(718) 775-3246
Fax: (718) 775-3246*

* Not for service of papers.